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Approved For Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002600550001-2

CONTENTS	C	O	N	Т	E	N	Т	2
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X1					
2	 !5X1A	2. SUEZ DE	EVELOPMENTS		1
			AND YUGOSLAVIA HINT AT I	DISSOLUTION OF	
	25X1A	LEADER	SIAN NATIONAL PARTY ELEC SHIP		
		5. ATTEMI (page 7).	PTED REVOLT IN HONDURAS	25X1A	
	25X1A	TODE A	IGED ASSEMBLY CRISIS POSS	IBLE IN SOUTH	
X1					
			CONVINCED AFGHAN PREMIE CED TO CHANGE POLICY	R MUST BE OUSTI	E <b>D</b>
			* * *	25X1A	
					25
		2 Aug 56	Current Intelligence Bulle	tin Page 2	
			25X1A		
		Approved Fo	r Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00	0975A002600550001-2	

## 2. SUEZ DEVELOPMENTS

	2. SU.	EZ DEV	ELOPMEN	1.1.2		•		
25X1A			ha E ac Ca fo st fe	as gained m gypt than ar ccording to airo. Expr or the action reet demon essional and	zation of the ore support for the american ressions of standard have come national strators but the formal business lead of the regime.	for Nasr vitep he has nembassy rong supprot only from some ders who	within s taken, o in ort com e pro	
	in	Cairo is	er	nbassy note	general supposes that the bu	siness co	mmunity	
	ret	aliatory	economic	measures.	about the effe	ects of we	estern	25X1 25X1
	pla	es for th cing ma bor are	chine guns	of Alexandr and antiair	ia, begun on craft batteri	29 July, :	tary meas include idar in the	
	alle sio fav	eged Ind ns rega or a wid	ement on 30 ian govern rding the S ler interna	O July by Pr ment intere uez probler tiona <u>lizatio</u>	n embassy in rime Ministerest in participm suggest the nof the cana	r Bandara pating in a se countr	naike and ny discus ies might	<del>-</del> ;
	inte	erested	Asian natio	ons.				25X1
	2 Aug	56	Currer	nt Intelliger	nce Bulletin	P	age 4	
				25X1A			,	
						1		

25X1A	3. GREECE AND YUGOSLAVIA HINT AT DISSOLUTION OF BALKAN ALLIANCE	
25X1A	Greece and Yugoslavia agree that the Balkan alliance cannot continue many more weeks in its present inactivity, according to Greek foreign minister Averoff. Averoff said that Yugoslav president Tito and Greek officials concluded at Corfu that, if the situation remains unchanged, it would be preferable for their two countries to reach a "bilateral understanding." Averoff reaffirmed Greece's firm attachment to the West and said such an arrangement would provide the West with a useful link with Yugoslavia.	
	Comment The Balkan alliance has been ineffective for the past year, owing primarily to Greek-Turkish animosities aroused by the Cyprus dispute and anti-Greek riots in Istanbul last September.	25X6
	2 Aug 56 25X1A Current Intelligence Bulletin Page 5	

Approved For Release 2003/01/29 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002600550001-2

## 4. INDONESIAN NATIONAL PARTY ELECTS MODERATE LEADERSHIP

25X1A

The election of Suwirjo as chairman of the Indonesian National Party, which heads the coalition cabinet, appears to reflect the moderation recently voiced by President Sukarno. The National Party, with which Sukarno has been closely identified, has been dominated for several years by its left wing, which

has advocated co-operation with the Communists. The moderates, led by Suwirjo, have frequently expressed alarm over growing Communist strength.

The National Party council advised party members on 1 August to "act wisely and withdraw" from the Communist-dominated All-Indonesian People's Congress. The National Party itself withdrew from the congress in June 1955.

Sukarno stated in his closing address to the convention that he wanted to see more than one party in Indonesia. He then named Indonesia's principal parties, omitting the Communist Party.

2 Aug 56

Current Intelligence Bulletin

Page 6

25X1A

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ican embassy	The Honduran government appears in control of the situation following police and army action against rebels who attacked an army barracks near the Amerin Tegucigalpa early on 1 August.
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Political tension in the country has been mounting in anticipation of constituent assembly elections which Lozano has announced would be held on 7 October or earlier unless public disturbances forced a postponement. Lozano failed to attend the meeting of presidents in Panama because of unsettled conditions in his country.

The Liberal Party, with Villeda as its presidential candidate, won a plurality in the nullified 1954 elections. Villeda, who heads the Communist-influenced faction of the party, was exiled by Lozano on 9 July.

2 Aug 56	Current Intelligence Bulletin	Page 7
	25X1A	_

Approved For Release 2003/01/29: CIA-RDP79T00975A002600550001-2

## 6. PROLONGED ASSEMBLY CRISIS POSSIBLE IN SOUTH KOREA

25X1A

The attempt of South Korea's Public Security Bureau to serve summons on four opposition assemblymen is the latest move in what may become a pro-

longed pointical crisis. Tension continues in the assembly, and legislative activity has been at a standstill since 27 July, when opposition assemblymen clashed with police in demonstrations protesting the administration's harassment of opposition candidates for local office.

The four assemblymen are expected to ignore the police summons, and attempts to detain them forcibly would probably meet with considerable resistance. Antiadministration groups in the assembly have been joined by about 30 Liberals in demanding the release of an assemblyman jailed following the demonstrations on 27 July, and opposition assemblymen have stated their willingness to stimulate popular demonstrations "even at the cost of bloodshed" if their demands are not met.

An opposition legislator who conferred with Rhee on 31 July has stated that he was probably the first person to apprise Rhee of the gravity of the situation in the assembly. The speaker of the assembly, Yi Ki-pung, has stated that the minister of interior appears to be acting with a free hand.

2 Aug 56	25X1A Current Intelligence Bulletin	Page 8
		1
		- 2

8.	TURKS CONVINCED AFGHAN PREMIER MUST I	ΒE
	OUSTED OR FORCED TO CHANGE POLICY	

Turkish officials concluded during Prime Minister Menderes' visit to Kabul between 27 and 30 July that Afghan premier Daud must be ousted or compelled to change his policy.

Secretary General Birgi of the Turkish Foreign Ministry, who accompanied Menderes on the visit, based this conclusion on Daud's rejection of Menderes' suggestions for modification of Kabul's Pushtoonistan campaign against Pakistan and the Afghan premier's disregard of Turkish warnings against Soviet penetration. Daud's apparent rejection of a Turkish offer of military assistance probably also alienated Menderes and his party.

The Turks, on the other hand, were favorably impressed with King Zahir Shah, Foreign Minister Naim, and ex-prime minister Shah Mahmud. Menderes believes he was able to convince the king of the dangers of Soviet penetration.

Turkish-Afghan relations are traditionally close. If Menderes is convinced of the dangers of Daud's policies, Ankara may in the future become more interested in consorting with Pakistan and Iran to bring about a change in the Afghan government.

2 Aug 56 Current Intelligence Bulletin
25X1A

Page 10

25X IA

